

### South-west Corner Commonwealth Marine Reserve – Bioregional Advisory Panel recommended zoning

This map was produced for the independent CMR Review. It is not government policy.

**Zoning**

- Marine National Park Zone (IUCN II)
- Habitat Protection Zone (IUCN IV)
- Multiple Use Zone (IUCN VI)
- Special Purpose Zone (IUCN VI)

**Other marine protected areas**

- Nearby Commonwealth marine reserve
- State marine reserve (WA)

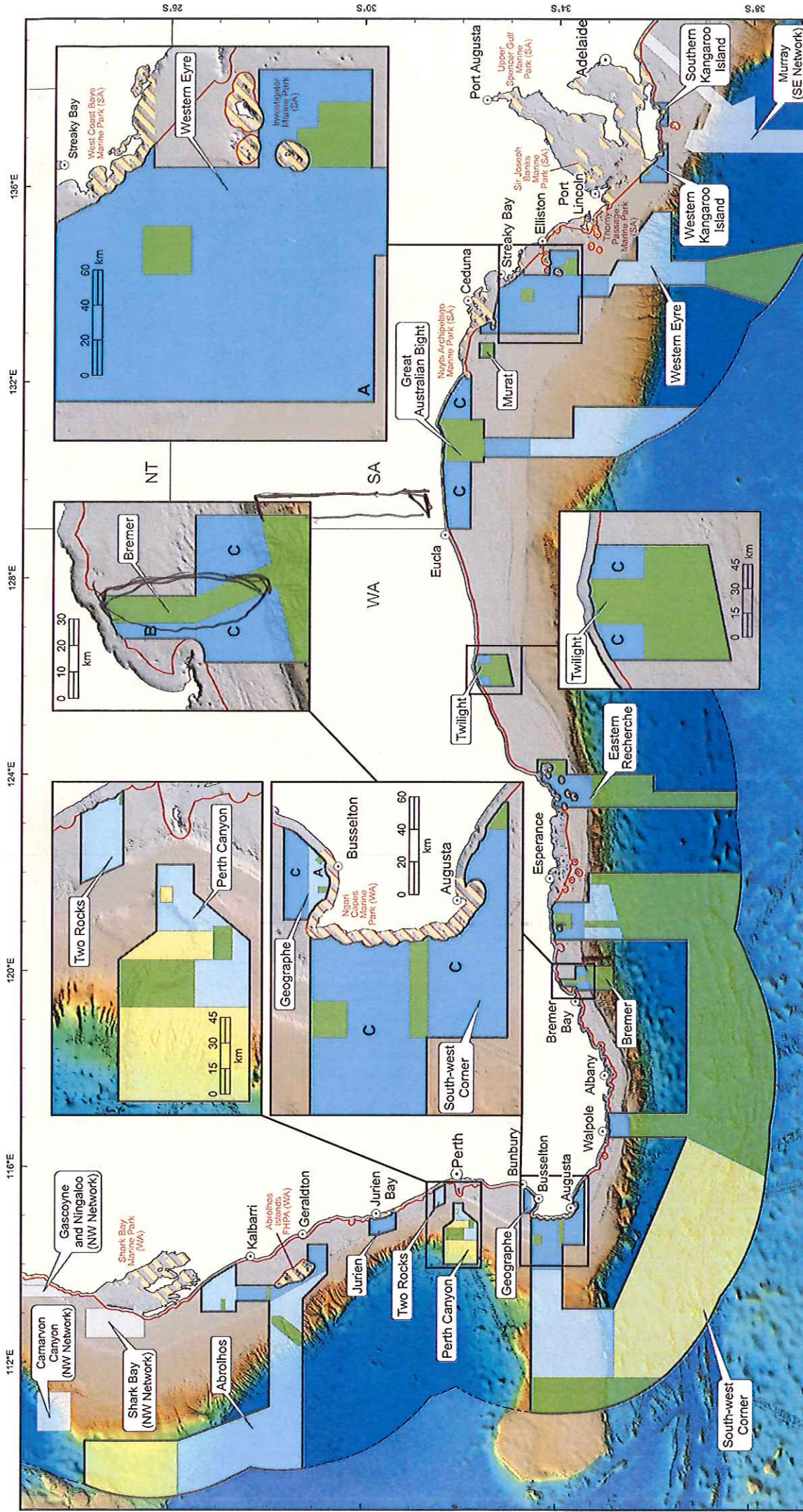
**Maritime boundaries**

- Limit of coastal waters
- Limit of Australian exclusive economic zone

**NOT FOR NAVIGATIONAL PURPOSES**  
Coordinates are expressed in degrees and minutes.  
Straight lines of this reserve, other than meridians and parallels, are geodesic lines (shortest line between points), they are not lines of constant bearing (rhumb line or loxodrome).

*Note: Special Purpose Zone C has special conditions. Special Purpose Zone C prohibits mining. For more detail, refer to the 'Overview of the recommended zoning scheme for the South-west Commonwealth Marine Reserves Network'.*

© Commonwealth of Australia, 2015



### South-west Commonwealth Marine Reserves Network – Bioregional Advisory Panel recommended zoning

This map was produced for the independent CMR Review. It is not government policy.

**Zoning**

- Marine National Park Zone (IUCN II)
- Habitat Protection Zone (IUCN IV)
- Multiple Use Zone (IUCN VI)
- Special Purpose Zone (IUCN VI)

**Other marine protected areas**

- North-west or South-east Network Commonwealth marine reserve
- State marine reserve (WASA)

**Maritime boundaries**

- Limit of coastal waters
- Limit of the Australian exclusive economic zone

**Scale**

0 150 300 450 600 km

0 80 160 240 320 nm

Approximate scale

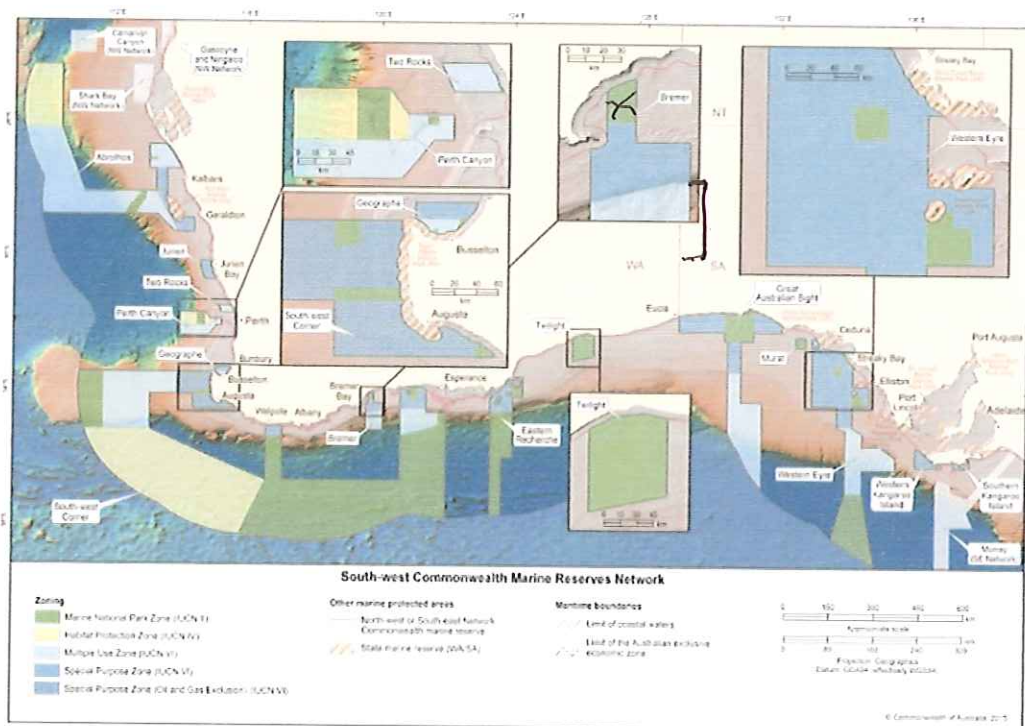
Projection: Geographics  
Datum: GDA94 (effectively WGS84)

**Note:** Multiple Use Zone A and Special Purpose Zones A, B and C have special conditions. Multiple Use Zone A prohibits mining. Special Purpose Zone A allows demersal trawling. Special Purpose Zone B allows scallop trawling and prohibits mining. Special Purpose Zone C prohibits mining. For more detail, refer to the 'Overview of the recommended zoning scheme for the South-west Commonwealth Marine Reserves Network'.

© Commonwealth of Australia, 2015

### 4.3 SOUTH-WEST COMMONWEALTH MARINE RESERVES NETWORK

The South-west CMR Network comprises 14 reserves established in 2012, which cover 508 605 km<sup>2</sup> from the easternmost end of Kangaroo Island, off South Australia (SA), to the waters offshore of Shark Bay in WA (Figure 4.3.1). One reserve, the Great Australian Bight CMR, incorporates the area of the previously proclaimed Great Australian Bight (Commonwealth Waters) Marine Park.



**Figure 4.3.1 South-west CMR Network, as proclaimed**

Issues raised during the CMR Review that were generic across the South-west CMR Network included:

- Remove destructive fishing practices from the network
- Increase the area of shelf under MNPZ protection
- Unprotected habitats—particularly the lack of MNPZs in several bioregions
- Access to all MNPZs (IUCN II) by recreational anglers
- Loss of access to inshore fishing grounds.

#### ***South-west network—outcomes***

Changes to zoning are recommended for the Two Rocks, Perth Canyon, Geographe, South-west Corner, Bremer, Eastern Recherche, Twilight, Great Australian Bight and Western Eyre CMRs, while no changes are recommended for the Abrolhos, Jurien, Murat, Western Kangaroo Island and Southern Kangaroo Island CMRs. These are shown in Figure 4.3.2 and summarised in Table 4.3.1.